

# **Corso a scelta: *BIOLOGIA DELLA PESCA RICREATIVA (3CFU)***

- **Docente:** Marco Casu
- **Periodo di erogazione:** Secondo semestre (da mercoledì 1° Marzo)
- **Rivolto a:** Studenti delle Lauree Triennali o Magistrali, a carattere scientifico (ricordatevi di inserire il corso come «attività a scelta»)
- **Conoscenze pregresse/Prerequisiti:** nessuno
- **Lingua:** Italiano, Slide: Inglese



- **Contenuti:** Il corso si propone di fornire informazioni sugli aspetti di biologia e ecologia legati alle varie tipologie di pesca ricreativa. Vengono trasmessi i principi di base che risultano di importanza fondamentale per la gestione sostenibile della pesca ricreativa, che riveste un sempre maggiore interesse economico.

- **Per info scrivere a:** [marcasu@uniss.it](mailto:marcasu@uniss.it)

# Programma:

- Cenni di sistematica dei principali gruppi tassonomici interessati dalla pesca ricreativa (Cefalopodi, Condroitti, Teleostei)
- Cenni di morfologia funzionale
- Ecologia delle specie oggetto di pesca ricreativa
- Impatti delle varie attività di pesca ricreativa sulle specie
- I pesci delle acque dolci della Sardegna

## Tackling illegal, unreported and unregulated (IUU) fishing

**Fishing is illegal if:**

- no authorisation
- against conservation and management measures by Regional fisheries management organisations (RFMO)
- against national laws or international obligations.

**Fishing is unreported if:**

- not reported, or the reporting contravenes international, RFMO or national laws and regulations.

**Fishing is unregulated if:**

- the fishing vessel has no nationality
- fishing activities jeopardise fish stocks.

**IUU fishing practices:**

- €10 billion every year worldwide (estimate)
- 19% of the worldwide reported value of catches (estimate)
- serious threat to sustainable fishing
- damages the marine environment
- affects socio-economic conditions

**The EU's fisheries control system:**

Aims to ensure that only fish caught in accordance with applicable conservation and management measures reaches the EU market. This applies to all EU and third countries producers.

- The "IUU regulation" establishing a Community system to prevent, deter and eliminate illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing - Regulation (EU) N°2017/2403
- The regulation concerning sustainable management of external fishing fleets - Regulation (EU) N°2017/2403
- The regulation establishing a Community control system for ensuring compliance with the rules of the common fisheries policy - Council Regulation (EC) N°1224/2009



## European Public Perceptions of Fish Welfare

EUROGROUP FOR ANIMALS

People know that fish are sentient and that they feel pain, and think that the welfare of fish should be better protected.

● AGREE ● DISAGREE ● DONT KNOW (%)

Statement	AGREE (%)	DISAGREE (%)	DONT KNOW (%)
Fish are sentient	65	17	18
Fish feel negative emotions	65	16	20
Fish feel positive emotions	55	20	25
Fish are intelligent	62	24	15
Fish feel pain	73	13	14

79% of people believe that the welfare of fish should be better protected than it is now.

of people think that the welfare of fish should be protected to the same extent as the welfare of other animals we eat.

